Common Roadblocks to Clinical and Translational Science

| Roadblock Category | Specific Roadblock |
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| Infrastructure | ○ Research cost and lack of funding |
| | ○ Lack of national coordination and support for clinical research based on national priorities |
| | Mismatches in priorities and incentives among industry sponsors, researchers, clinical care providers, and |
| | patients |
| | o Insufficient national regulatory infrastructure that would allow for accelerated review/approval |
| | o Lack of communication, coordination, and connection between clinical care and research enterprises |
| | ○ Limited multi-institutional clinical trial networks |
| | Lacking digital and information technology infrastructure to facilitate trials |
| | o Inadequate access, transparency, and interoperability of data across clinical care and research |
| Workforce | ○ Lack of qualified C/T investigators (and team members) |
| | ○ Limited education/training, mentoring (scientific and cultural) for workforce |
| | ○ Lack of education on translational science |
| | Impractical academic reward system and career disincentives |
| | Researchers compete against each other (poor coordination and limited incentives for collaboration) |
| Research Management | Organizational silos and increasing administrative burden |
| | Insufficient project management at all levels of research administration |
| | Lack of incentives/credit for team science |
| | Limited resources for intellectual property management |
| Research Methodologies | Inefficient methodologies in preclinical development |
| | o Insufficient use of pleiotropy and promiscuity in therapeutic development |
| | o Inefficient clinical study designs; underuse of registries and natural history studies, biomarker qualification, |
| | pharmacoepidemiologic studies, comparative effectiveness trials, adaptive clinical trial designs |
| | Limited implementation of evidence-based practices |
| Clinical Trial Operational Inefficiencies | Lack of innovation solutions to the primary causes of clinical trial delay and cost including: |
| | o multisite institutional review board (IRB) review and contracting, |
| | o site and investigator qualification, |
| | o recruitment and retention (particularly of URM) |
| | o surge capacity, |
| | o adequacy and timeliness of results reporting. |
| | Lack of sufficient community and stakeholder engagement and outreach to underrepresented groups |
| | Lack of robust strategies for ongoing patient and community collaborations that are demonstrated to |
| | shorten the time and/or improve efficiency |